**Experiment No. 3**

**Aim:** Descriptive Statistics - Measures of Central Tendency and variability

**Problem Statement:**

Perform the following operations on any open source dataset (e.g., data.csv)

1. Provide summary statistics (mean, median, minimum, maximum, standard deviation) for a

dataset (age, income etc.) with numeric variables grouped by one of the qualitative

(categorical) variable. For example, if your categorical variable is age groups and quantitative

variable is income, then provide summary statistics of income grouped by the age groups.

Create a list that contains a numeric value for each response to the categorical variable.

2. Write a Python program to display some basic statistical details like percentile, mean,

standard deviation etc. of the species of ‘Iris-setosa’, ‘Iris-versicolor’ and ‘Iris-versicolor’ of

iris.csv dataset.

**Theory:**

Summary statistics summarize and provide information about your [sample](https://www.statisticshowto.com/sample/) data. It tells you something about the values in your data set. This includes where the [mean](https://www.statisticshowto.com/arithmetic-mean/) lies and whether your data is [skewed](https://www.statisticshowto.com/probability-and-statistics/skewed-distribution/). Summary statistics fall into three main categories:

* Measures of location (also called [central tendency](https://www.statisticshowto.com/central-tendency-2/)).
* [Measures of spread](https://www.statisticshowto.com/measures-of-spread/).
* [Graphs/charts](https://www.statisticshowto.com/probability-and-statistics/descriptive-statistics/).

## **Summary Statistics: Measures of location**

Measures of location tell you where your data is centered at, or where a [trend](https://www.statisticshowto.com/trend-analysis/) lies. Click on one of the following common measures of location for a full definition and examples for that particular measure:

* [Mean](https://www.statisticshowto.com/mean/) (also called the arithmetic mean or average).
* [Geometric mean](https://www.statisticshowto.com/geometric-mean-2/) (used for interest rates and other types of growth).
* [Trimmed Mean](https://www.statisticshowto.com/trimmed-mean/) (the mean with [outliers](https://www.statisticshowto.com/statistics-basics/find-outliers/) excluded).
* [Median](https://www.statisticshowto.com/probability-and-statistics/statistics-definitions/mean-median-mode/#median) (the middle of a data set).

## **Summary Statistics: Measures of Spread**

Measures of spread tell you (perhaps not surprisingly!) how spread out or varied your data set is. This can be important information. For example, test scores that are in the 60-90 range might be expected while scores in the 20-70 range might indicate a problem. Range isn’t the only measure of spread though. Click on one of the names below for a full definition of that particular measure of spread.

* [range](https://www.statisticshowto.com/types-of-functions/domain-and-range-of-a-function/) (how spread out your data is).
* [Interquartile range](https://www.statisticshowto.com/probability-and-statistics/interquartile-range/) (where the “[middle fifty](https://www.statisticshowto.com/middle-fifty/)” percent of your data is).
* [Quartiles](https://www.statisticshowto.com/probability-and-statistics/statistics-definitions/what-are-quartiles/) (boundaries for the lowest, middle and upper quarters of data.
* [Skewed](https://www.statisticshowto.com/probability-and-statistics/skewed-distribution/) (does your data have mainly low, or mainly high values?).
* [Kurtosis](https://www.statisticshowto.com/probability-and-statistics/statistics-definitions/kurtosis-leptokurtic-platykurtic/) (a measure of how much data is in the tails).

## **Summary Statistics: Graphs and Charts**

There are literally dozens of ways to display summary data using graphs or charts. Some of the most common ones are listed below. Click on any name for a definition of that particular chart type.

* [Histogram.](https://www.statisticshowto.com/probability-and-statistics/descriptive-statistics/histogram-make-chart/)
* [Frequency Distribution Table.](https://www.statisticshowto.com/probability-and-statistics/descriptive-statistics/frequency-distribution-table/)
* [Box plot.](https://www.statisticshowto.com/probability-and-statistics/descriptive-statistics/box-plot/)
* [Bar chart.](https://www.statisticshowto.com/probability-and-statistics/descriptive-statistics/bar-chart-bar-graph-examples/)
* [Scatter plot.](https://www.statisticshowto.com/probability-and-statistics/regression-analysis/scatter-plot-chart/#definition)
* [Pie chart](https://www.statisticshowto.com/probability-and-statistics/descriptive-statistics/pie-chart/)

**Conclusion:** Hence we have thoroughly studied summary statistics for a list that contains a numeric value for each response to the categorical variable.